Climate Change, Sustainable Living... And YOU

A Conversation About How We Can All Find A Solution

The World We Live in Today





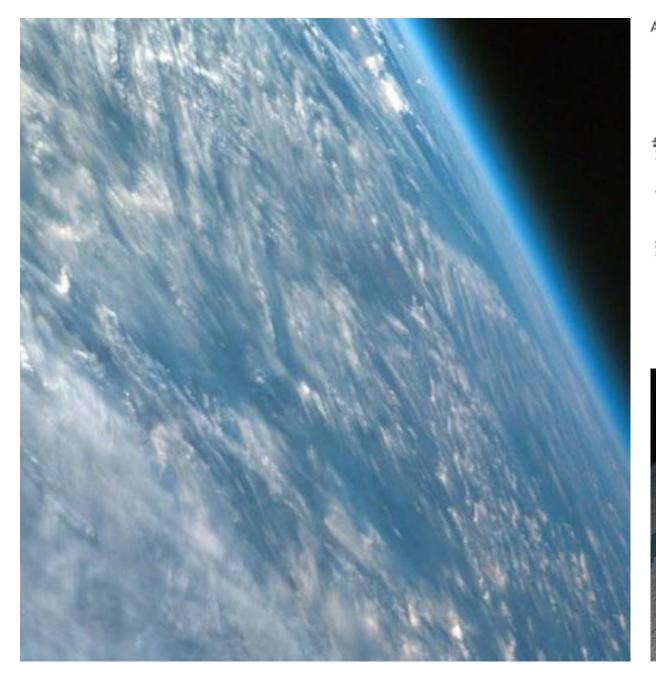


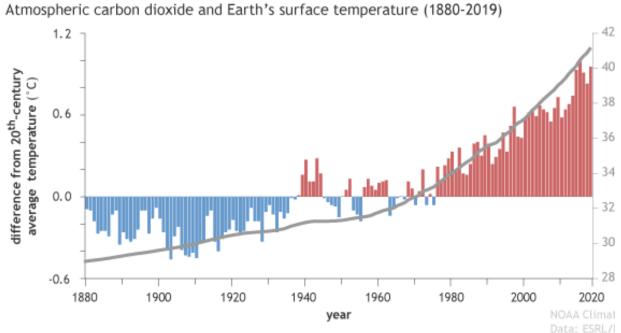


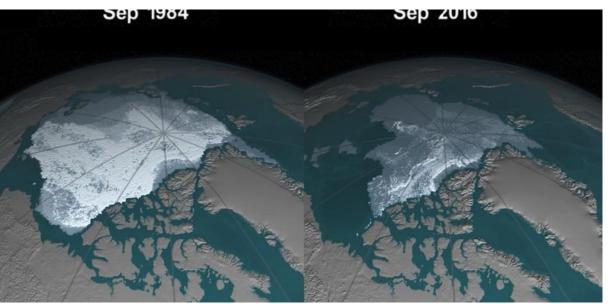














David Attenborough - A Life on Our Planet

- Facts From the TV Show
 - Since 1950, animal populations half halved
 - Humans currently cut down 15 Billion trees per year
 - 2030 Deforestation causes the Amazon to change from Rainforest to Dry Savanna. Decimating Biodiversity and Altering the Global Water Supply
 - 2040 Frozen Permafrost soils thaw, releasing Methane (A Stronger Greenhouse Gas than Carbon Dioxide) into the atmosphere
 - 2050 Coral reefs will die and fish populations crash
 - 2080 Pollinating Insects Disappear
 - 2100 Large parts of the earth are now uninhabitable as the world is 4C warmer than it is today. Mass extinction is well underway.

Who Am I?

A.A.A.

John Bowman

• Lifelong Scout, currently a Leader with SMESU in Edinburgh

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- Mechanical Engineer Tidal Turbines
- Natural World Enthusiast

A Universal Concept for Understanding Reuse and Recycling

Impermanence

- The Universe is in an ever changing state of impermanence.
 - Nothing stays forever, everything is used and reused, and reused again
- We are all made from recycled star dust. The atoms that make you may have been recycled into several stars before they made it to you.
- So why do we think, in our world, of it being normal for things not to be reused or recycled?
- Why do we believe that we can use items, land, trees etc. without looking at their sustainability, and without consequence?

The Pillars of Creation

REGENERATE NATURAL SYSTEMS

WE ARE SHIFTING TO A SYSTEM WHERE WE DESIGN OUT WA

What can YOU do??

Ideas for Life

- Education
- Reusing
- Recycling
- Sustainability
- Spread the Word
- Get Involved





What is sustainable living

Conscious choices

Education

David Attenborough – A Life on Our Planet



<u>Be Proactive</u> <u>With Your</u> <u>Education</u>

- Ask Questions
- Watch Documentaries
- Read Books
- Watch Videos
- Use the Internet

REUSE REDUCE RECYCEE

Reduce, Reuse & Recycle

Reuse Hierarchy

- The <u>Best</u> Method of Preventing Waste is to <u>Reduce</u> the Items that May Become Waste
 - i.e. Do you need it? Is this the most sustainable option?
- Then it's <u>Reuse</u>
 - i.e. A Bag for Life / Buying & Selling 2nd Hand Items
- Then <u>Recycle</u>
 - i.e. Upcycling, or using a local recycling facility
 - What can your local council recycle?
- Then <u>Recovery</u>
 - Energy from Waste (Heat to Electricity) / Biomass facility
- Then Landfill
 - The Last Option. Items can take 1,000's of years to breakdown

Most favoured option



Over to

You

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Based on the Hierarchy we just went through, I want you to...

- Go Collect Items from around your house that you believe match each level
 - Reduce
 - Reuse
 - Recycle
 - Recovery
 - Landfill

Countdown





Over to

You

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Based on the Hierarchy we just went through, I want you to...

- Go Collect Items from around your house that you believe match each level
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 - Reuse
 - Recycle
 - Recovery
 - Landfill

Living Sustainably

What does Living Sustainably Mean?

Conscious Choices

- Ask yourself this
 - Do I need this? ٠
 - Can this be recycled? ٠
 - Is this something that there is an infinite supply of? ٠
 - Can I reuse this? •
 - Is there something else that ٠ can be?
 - Is there something in this which is damaging the planet? •
- If you answer yes to these questions (other than the last one), you are on your way to living sustainably •

The Helix of Sustainability



Plants grow, making sugars, starches, oils, cellulose and other complex molecules from simple raw materials, mostly water, CO2 and sunshine.

In addition to harvesting food, people extract and base materials for industry and commerce.

fuel

Manufacturers make wares, measuring profitibility in environmental and social terms as well as financial.

The end-user reuses and repairs, only recycling after as long a useful life as possible.

At the end of its life the article decays, reducing large complex molecules to simple raw materials by the action of bacteria and fungi - composting

Plants grow, making sugars, starches, oils, cellulose and other complex molecules from simple raw materials, mostly water, CO2 and sunshine.

Spread the Word

Over to You

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Sustainable Christmas Day Challenge



Get Involved

Look for Projects & Events Near You

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- Invite wildlife into your garden or local area
- Volunteer with Cheshire Wildlife Trust
- Tree Planting
- Volunteer at a Country Park (e.g. Tatton Park)
- Go to Talks (like this one)
- Speak with your Leaders about what your group can do
- Keep an eye out for future District Projects
- Go on a Litter Pick or Organise one
- Highlight problems you see in your local area to your Local MP

Other Sources of Knowledge

- <u>Dame Ellen MacArthur Foundation</u>
- <u>Earth.org</u>
- <u>WWF</u>
- ecologi.com
- Cheshire Wildlife Trust

Homework

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...From John

As you go through your day, I want you to ask yourself this: Can I raise the level doing this...

- i.e. Can I Reuse instead of Recycle
- Can I take the bus instead of ask for a lift
- Can I cycle instead of taking the bus
- Can I pick up some rubbish on the street and recycle it or put it in a bin (or is there another use?)
- Can I help someone
- Can I be a better neighbour
- Can I get involved with...?
- Can I organise ...?